Begin March 17, 1961

B32 Q

-ALL POINTS- (600)

BY RICHARD KASISCHKE

JOHANNESBURG, SOUTH AFRICA, MARCH 17 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER HENDRIK F. VERWOERD REPORTED BY RADIO TONIGHT "I REALLY TRIED MY BEST TO STAY INSIDE THE COMMONWEALTH BUT OUR ENEMIES MADE IT IMPOSSIBLE."

HE SAID HE WAS FORCED TO WALK OUT BECAUSE OF "ALL-OUT AND UNBRIDLED ATTACKS" BY AFRO-ASIAN AND CANADIAN MEMBERS, LED BY PRESIDENT NKRUMAH OF GHANA WHO THREATENED TO WITHDRAW IF SOUTH AFRICA WAS NOT EXPELLED.

VERWOERD REPEATEDLY PRAISED PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN AS A MODERATOR AND REPEATEDLY PLEDGED THAT SOUTH AFRICA WANTS TO REMAIN FRIENDLY WITH BRITAIN.

"I WENT OUT OF MY WAY," HE DECLARED, "TO TRY TO REACH AGREEMENT WITH OTHER COMMONWEALTH PREMIERS HOSTILE TO OUR RACIAL POLICIES."

BUT HE SAID HE COULD NOT COMPROMISE ON THE FINAL ISSUE AND CONCLUDED: "MY DECISION WAS BASED ON THE FEELING THAT THE FEELING THAT THE PRESENT TREND IN THE COMMONWEALTH WAS NOT ONLY HARMFUL TO SOUTH AFRICA, BUT TO ENGLAND AND OTHER OLDER MEMBERS OF THE COMMONWEALTH

VOERWOERD WAS CHEERED WILDLY BY MOVIE THEATER CROWDS WATCHING NEWSREELS OF THE COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE IN LONDON. HIS NATIONAL PARTY BACKERS PLANNED A HERO'S WELCOME WHEN HE RETURNS MONDAY.

BUT THERE WERE MANIFESTATIONS OF DISCONTENT AMONG WHITES AS WELL AS BLACKS BECAUSE OF HIS DECISION TO QUIT THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH IN THE FACE OF CRITICISM OF HIS WHITE SUPREMACY POLICY.

THE ENGLISH-LANGUAGE NEWSPAPER JOHANNESBURG STAR DEMANDED THAT VERWOERD RESIGN "BECAUSE HE HAS BEEN A DISASTROUS FAILURE." ENGLISH-SPEAKING WHITES MAINTAIN VERWOERD PROMISED TO KEEP SOUTH AFRICA IN THE COMMONWEALTH. THEY FEAR THEIR RIGHTS NOW MAY BE SUBMERGED BY THE DUTCH-SPEAKING MAJORITY.

AT PORT ELISABETH, HUNDREDS OF NEGROES IN THE AFRICAN DISTRICT BURNED EFFIGIES OF VERWOERD. THEY CARRIED PLACARDS, ONE OF WHICH READ "VERWOERD IS DEFEATED."

THE JOHANNESBURG POST, A WEEKLY FOR NEGROES, BANNERLINED THE COMMONWEALTH EXIT: "THE END IS NOW IN SIGHT--RACIAL SOUTH AFRICA IS DOWN AND OUT."

MANY VERWOERD SUPPORTERS WERE ANGRY AT PRIME MINISTER JOHN DIEFENBAKER, OF CANADA. THEY CHARGED THAT BY SIDING SOLIDLY WITH THE COMMONWEALTH NONWHITES, HE LET THE WHITE PEOPLE IN SOUTH AFRICA DOWN. THE SOUTH AFRICAN RADIO SEVERAL TIMES REPEATED VERWOERD'S CHARGE THAT IT WAS "UNBRIDLED ATTACKS BY MEMBERS OF THE AFRO-ASIAN-CANADIAN BLOC" THAT FORCED HIS DECISION.

THE SLOW RALLY FROM THE INITIAL SHOCK OF SOUTH AFRICA'S BREAK WITH THE COMMONWEALTH CONTINUED ON THE JOHANNESBURG STOCK EXCHANGE. AFTER YESTERDAY'S EARLY SELLING WAVE DROPPED SHARE VALUES AN AVERAGE OF ABOUT 15 PER CENT, INCREASED BUYING CUT LOSSES TO ONLY 6 PER CENT.

A LEADING STOCKBROKER, NOTING ANOTHER 2 PER CENT RECOVERY IN TODAY'S DEALINGS SAID THE MAIN ECONOMIC SETBACK FROM SOUTH AFRICA'S BREAK IS LIKELY TO BE A DRAIN OF FOREIGN CAPITAL INVESTED IN THIS COUNTRY.

THE OPPOSITION RAND DAILY MAIL OF JOHANNESBURG PREDICTED VERWOERD WOULD HOLD EARLY ELECTIONS FOR A MANDATE TO CONTINUE HIS APARTHEID (SEGREGATION) POLICY. BUT THE STAR QUOTED VERWOERD AS SAYING IN LONDON THERE WILL BE NO REFERENDUM ON THE DECISION.

SIR DE VILLIERS GRAAFF TOLD A CAPE TOWN MEETING OF HIS UNITED PARTY THAT IF THE PARTY COMES TO POWER IT WILL SEEK A RETURN TO THE COMMONWEALTH. IT LARGELY REPRESENTS THE ENGLISH-SPEAKING WHITES BUT ALSO SUPPORTS RACIAL SEGREGATION.

JORDAN NGUBANE, VICE PRESIDENT OF SOUTH AFRICA'S MULTIRACIAL LIBERAL PARTY, TOLD A RALLY: "SOUTH AFRICAN HAS BEEN PUBLICLY DECLARED THE POLECAT OF THE WORLD."

THE NATION'S BUSINESS LEADERS ISSUED PUBLIC APPEALS FOR CALM. BIG CORPORATIONS HELD EMERGENCY BOARD MEETINGS.

VERWOERD'S OWN NEWSPAPER, DIE TRANSVALER IN JOHANNESBURG, SAID COMMONWEALTH LEADERS MADE SIX DEMANDS ON VERWOERD BEFORE SOUTH AFRICAN COULD REMAIN IN THE COMMONWEALTH.

THE NEWSPAPER LISTED THEM AS: EQUAL REPRESENTATION OF ALL RACES IN THE SOUTH AFRICAN PARLIAMENT; NO SEGREGATION IN PUBLIC PLACES; NO SEGREGATED UNIVERSITIES; NO ARTIFICIAL RESERVATIONS FOR BLACKS; NO SECOND CLASS CITIZENS; GUARANTEES OF PROPERTY RIGHTS TO ALL RACES.

FV648PES

B113 (Q)

(170)

NIGHT LEAD DIEFENBAKER (WITH LONDON COMMONWEALTH)

OTTAWA, MARCH 17 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER JOHN DIEFENBAKER TODAY DESCRIBED AS INEVITABLE SOUTH AFRICA'S DECISION TO QUIT THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH IN THE FACE OF CRITICISM OF PRIME MINISTER HENDRIK VERWOERD'S WHITE SUPREMACY POLICY.

DIEFENBAKER TOLD THE HOUSE OF COMMONS "THERE MUST BE A MEASURE OF GENERAL AGREEMENT (IN THE COMMONWEALTH) THAT DISCRIMINATION IN RESPECT OF RACE OR COLOR SHALL NOT TAKE PLACE."

IN HIS REPORT ON THE LONDON CONFERENCE OF PRIME MINISTERS, DIEFENBAKER ADDED:

"APARTHEID (SOUTH AFRICA'S STRICT RACIAL SEGREGATION POLICY) HAS BECOME THE WORLD'S SYMBOL OF DISCRIMINATION, AND IN THE EYES OF THE OTHER PRIME MINISTERS PRESENT . . . TO GIVE UNQUALIFIED CONSENT TO SOUTH AFRICA'S APPLICATION (TO CONTINUE MEMBERSHIP) WOULD BE TO CONDONE THE POLICIES OF APARTHEID."

THE PRIME MINISTER SAID HE IS CONFIDENT THE COMMONWEALTH WILL BE JUST AS STRONG, IF NOT STRONGER, AFTER SOUTH AFRICA'S WITHDRAWAL ON BECOMING A REPUBLIC MAY 31.

IN A SPEECH TONIGHT, DIEFENBAKER SAID, "MY FERVENT HOPE IS THAT SOUTH AFRICA WILL RETURN TO THE COMMONWEALTH IN DUE COURSE. FOR SUCH A RETURN THERE WILL ALWAYS BE A LIGHT IN THE COMMONWEALTH WINDOW," HE ADDED.

THE PRIME MINISTER ADDRESSED A BANQUET OF THE PROGRESSIVE CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION.

BC130AES

A17

(520) AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD COMMONWEALTH

3024

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, MARCH 17 (AP)-LEADERS OF BRITAIN'S COMMONWEALTH ENDED THEIR 10-DAY TALKS TODAY WITH A DRAMATIC PLAN TO HALT THE WORLD ARMS RACE--AND TO SEAT RED CHINA AT THE NEGOTIATING TABLE.

THE LEADERS SUGGESTED AN INTERNATIONAL ARMY BE SET UP TO ENFORCE THE LAWS OF ANY AGREED NEW DISARMAMENT PACT AFTER ALL NATION'S MILITARY FORCES ARE REDUCED TO THE MINIMUM NEEDED TO MAINTAIN INTERNAL SECURITY.

TO SET THE PLAN IN MOTION, THEY URGED THE MAJOR POWERS OPEN A DISARMAMENT MEETING AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. DEMANDING ABOLITION OF NUCLEAR

ARMS, THEY DECLARED:

"IN VIEW OF THE SLAUGHTER AND DESTRUCTION EXPERIENCED IN SO-CALLED 'CONVENTIONAL' WARS AND OF THE DIFFICULTY OF PREVENTING A CONVENTIONAL WAR, ONCE STARTED, FROM DEVELOPING INTO A NUCLEAR WAR, OUR AIM MUST BE NOTHING LESS THAN THE COMPLETE ABOLITION OF THE MEANS OF WAGING WAR OF ANY KIND."

THE MULTIRACIAL ALLIANCE OF NATIONS OMITTED ANY MENTION OF THE BITTER DISPUTE OVER RACIAL SEGREGATION THAT LED SOUTH AFRICA TO DECIDE TO QUIT THE COMMONWEALTH.

BY TRADITION, COMMONWEALTH COMMUNIQUES DEAL ONLY WITH ISSUES ON WHICH ALL LEADERS AGREE. AND PRIME MINISTER HENDRIK F. VERWOERD OF SOUTH AFRICA WAS ONE OF THE SIGNERS. SOUTH AFRICA DOES NOT QUIT THE COMMONWEALTH UNTIL IT BECOMES A REPUBLIC MAY 31.

IN A SPEECH A TV FILM AND A RADIO INTERVIEW TONIGHT VERWOERD CONTENDED HE WAS DRIVEN BY HOSTILE ASIAN AND AFRICAN MEMBERS TO TAKE SOUTH AFRICA OUT OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

HE SAID "A WITCH HUNT WAS MORE TO THEIR LIKING" THAN AN ATTEMPT TO REACH A COMPROMISE. "I REALLY TRIED MY BEST TO STAY INSIDE THE COMMONWEALTH BUT OUR ENEMIES MADE IT IMPOSSIBLE.

HE PREDICTED SOUTH AFRICA WOULD NOT SUFFER ECONOMICALLY BY THE MOVE AND THAT BILATERAL RELATIONSHIPS WITH BRITAIN WOULD IMPROVE.

BUT THERE WERE PLENTY OF POSTSCRIPT COMMENTS BY INDIVIDUAL COMMONWEALTH LEADERS ON VERWOERD'S DECISION.

PRIME MINISTER NEHRU OF INDIA TOLD REPORTERS HE FELT "NO ELATION BUT PURE RELIEF" AT THE DEVELOPMENT. HE SAID HE DOUBTED IF THIS PRECEDENT OF ASSAILING THE INTERNAL POLICIES OF A MEMBER COUNTRY WILL BREAK UP THE COMMONWEALTH, SOMETHING VERWOERD PREDICTED.

HURRYING BACK TO OTTAWA, PRIME MINISTER JOHN DIEFENBAKER TOLD AN APPLAUDING PARLIAMENT THAT TO PERMIT SOUTH ~~AMERICA~~ AFRICA TO REMAIN IN THE COMMONWEALTH WOULD BE TO CONDONE A RACIAL POLICY ABHORRED BY CANADIANS. DIEFENBAKER SAID VERWOERD HIMSELF BROUGHT UP APARTHEID, THUS MAKING IT POSSIBLE FOR THE COMMONWEALTH LEADERS TO SIDESTEP TRADITION AND DISCUSS THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF A MEMBER.

PRESIDENT MOHAMMED AYUB KHAN OF PAKISTAN SAID VERWOERD CHOSE TO QUIT THE COMMONWEALTH TO FORESTALL EXPULSION FOR REFUSING TO MODIFY HIS WHITE SUPREMACY POLICIES.

THE PRIME MINISTERS AND PRESIDENTS, SPEAKING FOR NEARLY 700 MILLION PEOPLE, SAID IN THEIR COMMUNIQUE THAT DISARMAMENT IS "THE MOST IMPORTANT QUESTION FACING THE WORLD TODAY."

IN THEIR PLAN--OFFERED AS A BRIDGE BETWEEN THE POSITIONS OF THE U. S. AND SOVIET GIANTS--THE LEADERS DID NOT DIRECTLY REFER TO RED CHINA'S PRESENCE IN NEW NEGOTIATIONS. BUT A BRITISH MINISTER WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE MEETINGS WAS AUTHORIZED TO EXPLAIN THAT RED CHINA WAS IN MIND WHEN THE LEADERS SAID:

"THE PRINCIPAL MILITARY POWERS SHOULD RESUME DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS WITHOUT DELAY IN CLOSE CONTACT WITH THE UNITED NATIONS."

THE PHRASE "IN CLOSE CONTACT WITH THE UNITED NATIONS" WOULD LET IN RED CHINA, WHICH IS NOT A MEMBER OF THE WORLD BODY.

OTHER COUNTRIES, INCLUDING SUCH NEUTRALS AS INDIA, WOULD HAVE A ROLE IN THE NEGOTIATIONS UNDER THE COMMONWEALTH PLAN. PREVIOUSLY DISARMAMENT TALKS HAVE BEEN HELD UNDER THE U. N. UMBRELLA WITH ONLY COMMUNIST AND WESTERN NATIONS TAKING PART.

A SUMMARY OF THE SIX-POINT PLAN:

1. ALL ARMS AND ARMIES MUST BE CUT TO LEVELS NEEDED FOR INTERNAL SECURITY.

2. ONCE STARTED THE DISARMAMENT PROCESS MUST GO THROUGH TO AN AGREED END.

3. DESTRUCTION OF NUCLEAR AND OTHER WEAPONS MUST BE PHASED IN A WAY THAT WILL GIVE NO COUNTRY AN ADVANTAGE.

4. EFFECTIVE INSPECTION MUST ACCOMPANY EACH STAGE OF THE DISARMAMENT PROGRAM.

5. EACH STAGE OF DISARMAMENT MUST BE CARRIED OUT SWIFTLY WITHIN SET TIME LIMITS.

6. AT THE RIGHT MOMENT "A SUBSTANTIAL AND ADEQUATELY ARMED" INTERNATIONAL FORCE SHOULD BE SET UP TO PREVENT AGGRESSION AND INSURE THAT THE DISARMAMENT RULES ARE BEING OBSERVED. IT WOULD OPERATE UNDER AN INTERNATIONAL AUTHORITY TO BE CREATED IN ASSOCIATION WITH THE UNITED NATIONS.

ER348PES

B47(SEG)

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, MARCH 17 (AP)-U.N. CENSURE OF SOUTH AFRICA FOR TRYING TO ANNEX THE TERRITORY OF SOUTH WEST AFRICA CLIMAXES A 15-YEAR STRUGGLE FOR CONTROL OF THAT FORMER GERMAN COLONY.

PRIME MINISTER HENDRIK VERWOERD'S GOVERNMENT, WHICH ALREADY HAS CHOSEN TO QUIT THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH, IS EXPECTED TO PULL OUT OF T E UNITED NATIONS AT LEAST PARTIALLY AS A PROTEST AGAINST THE CENSURE.

SOUTH WEST AFRICA, ONCE CALLED DAMARALAND, WAS FIRST SETTLED AS A GERMAN COLONY IN 1884.

REBELLIONS, TRIBAL WARS AND PUNITIVE EXPEDITIONS CHARACTERIZED THE STORY OF THE GERMAN COLONIAL REGIME. IN THE EARLY 20TH CENTURY SOME GERMANS WERE KILLED AFTER HERERO TRIBESMEN REVOLTED IN THE WAKE OF A HOTTENTOT REBELLION.

THE THE REBELLION WAS QUELLED AND IN THE FIERCE MOPPING-UP OPERATIONS CARRIED OUT BY RERMAN GEN. LOTHER VON TROTHA, THE HEREROS WERE REDUCED FROM A TRIBE OF 80,000 TO 15,000 STARVING REFUGEES.

GERMAN RULE ENDED DURING WORLD WAR I, WHEN SOUTH AFRICAN FORCES TOOK OVER THE NEIGHBORING TERRITORY. AFTER THE WAR SOUTH AFRICA'S CONTROL WAS SANCTIONED BY A LEAGUE OF NATIONS MANDATE, CONFERRED ON "HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA."

AT THE END AT THE END OF WORLD WAR II THE UNITED NATIONS TOOK OVER THE LEAGUE'S MANDATED TERRITORIES AND PARCELED THEM OUT AS TRUSTEESHIPS, TO BE PREPARED FOR EVENTUAL SELF-GOVERNMENT. THE SOUTH AFRICAN GOVERNMENT, HEADED BY FIELD MARSHAL JAN SMUTS, REFUSED TO RECOGNIZE THE U.N. RIGHT TO DISPOSE OF THE MANDATED TERRITORIES AND ARGUED THAT THE MANDATE AGREEMENT DIED WITH THE LEAGUE. SMUTS TRIED VAINLY TO WIN U.N. CONSENT FOR SOUTH AFRICA TO INCORPORATE SOUTH WEST AFRICA AS THE FIFTH PROVINCE OF THE UNION. MEANWHILE SOUTH AFRICA RETAINED TIGHT CONTROL.

SOUTH AFRICA GOT BACKING IN 1950 FROM THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE AT THE HAGUE, WHICH RULED THAT SHE WAS UNDER NO OBLIGATION TO PUT THE TERRITORY UNDER U.N. TRUSTEESHIP. BUT THE WORLD COURT ALSO RULED THAT SOUTH AFRICA HAD AN OBLIGATION TO SUBMIT REGULAR REPORTS ON ITS ADNINISTRATION OF THE TERRITORY TO HE U.N.

SMUTS HAD PLEDGED THAT SOUTH WEST AFRICA WOULD BE GOVERNED "IN THE SPIRIT OF THE MANDAE." BUT BS 1950 THE NATIONALISTS WERE IN POWER IN SOUTH AFRICA, PUSHING THEIR APARTHEID POLICY OF STERN RACIAL SEGREGATION, AND THEY DID NOT WANT CRITICAL DELEGATES FROM COMMUNIST, AFRICAN AND ASIAN POWERS NOSING AROUND. THEY SAID THEY WOULD REPORT ON SOUTH WEST AFRICA ONLY AS A COURTESY, AND ONLY TO THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

CRITICISM IN THE UNITED NATIONS OF SOUTH AFRICA'S ADMINISTRATION OF THE TERRITORY HAS MOUNTED STEADILY. SO HAS THE SUSPICION THAT IT IS ONLY A MATTER OF TIME UNTIL SHE ANNEXES SOUTH WEST AFRICA.

WITH AN AREA OF 318,000 SQUARE MILES AND RAINFALL ALONG THE COAST OF ONLY ONE INCH A YEAR, SOUTH WEST AFRICA HAS A POPULATION OF 50.000 WHIES AND 450,000 HOTTENTOTS, HERERO TRIBESMEN AND

PERSONS OF MIXED BLOOD KNOWN AS "BAASTARDS" (CQ).
RICH IN MINERALS, PARTICULARLY DIAMONDS, THE TERRITORY SELLS NEARLY 2.5 MILLION VALUABLE KARAKUL PELTS A YEAR TO THE UNITED STATES.
THE TERRITORY IS DIVIDED INTO TWO AREAS -- A POLICE ZONE IN THE SOUTH AND SO-CALLED NATIVE DISTRICTS.
WHITE RULE OPERATES IN THE POLICE ZONE. IF ANY OF THE FEW WHITE ADMINISTRATORS IN THE NORTHERN ZONE GET INTO TROUBLE WITH THE INHABITANTS, POLICE DETACHMENTS FROM THE SOUTH HAVE TO RESCUE THEM.
THE REGION IS ONE OF THE MOST CLOSELY GUARDED IN THE WHOLE OF AFRICA, AND FEW VISITORS ARE ALLOWED IN.
RECENT ELECTIONS -- IN WHICH ONLY THE WHITES VOTRED -- SHOWED THAT SOUTH WEST AFRICA'S WHITE POPULATION IS SOLIDLY BEHIND VERWOERD'S GOVERNMENT AND ITS RACIAL POLICY. MOST NON WHITES ARE OPPOSED. AND WITH PRESSURE FROM THE UNITED NATIONS MOUNTING, MORE TROUBLES SEEMS IN STORE.
TS852AES

A56 (250)
WITH WASHINGTON A22-23
NIGHT LEAD U.N. DISARMAMENT

BY MILTON BESSER
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., MARCH 17 (AP)-AMBASSADOR ADLAI E.STEVENSON CONFERRED WITH WESTERN DELEGATIONS ON DISARMAMENT TODAY IN ADVANCE OF HIGH LEVEL TALKS IN WASHINGTON TOMORROW.
STEVENSON WILL BE IN WASHINGTON TO TAKE PART IN TALKS BETWEEN SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO AND SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK ON INTERNATIONAL ISSUES, INCLUDING DISARMAMENT.
THE U.S. CHIEF DELEGATE HAS MET TWICE WITH GROMYKO HERE IN AN EFFORT TO REACH AGREEMENT ON A FORMULA FOR RESUMING THE LONG DEAD-LOCKED EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS. HE HAD PLANNED ANOTHER MEETING TODAY, BUT IT WAS CALLED OFF APPARENTLY BECAUSE OF THE DECISION TO MOVE THE NEGOTIATIONS TO WASHINGTON.
RELIABLE SOURCES SAID HERE THE MAKEUP OF A NEGOTIATING BODY REMAINED THE BIG HURDLE TOWARD REACHING AGREEMENT.
THE UNITED STATES WAS REPORTED IN FAVOR OF ADDING INDIA AND MEXICO TO THE OLD 10-NATION EAST-WEST COMMITTEE THAT BROKE UP IN DISAGREEMENT IN GENEVA LAST JUNE. THE SOVIET UNION IS SEEKING A 15-NATION GROUP, WITH FIVE NEUTRALS ADDED TO THE ORIGINAL COMMITTEE.
STILL TO BE NEGOTIATED IS A DATE AND PLACE FOR RESUMING THE TALKS, BUT THIS WAS NOT DESCRIBED AS A MAJOR DIFFICULTY. AUG. 1 HAS BEEN MENTIONED AS THE DATE AND THE TALKS COULD BE RESUMED IN GENEVA, NEW YORK OR ANY OTHER MUTUALLY CONVENIENT PLACE.
DIPLOMATS SAID THAT IF AGREEMENT IS WORKED OUT IT MIGHT CREATE A FAVORABLE ATMOSPHERE AT THE RESUMED GENERAL ASSEMBLY FOR QUIETLY DEFERRING COLD WAR ISSUES UNTIL NEXT FALL.
THE FEELING WAS THAT THE ASSEMBLY WOULD REMAIN IN SESSION UNTIL AROUND APRIL 15, TAKING UP SUCH ISSUES AS THE CONGO, PALESTINE REFUGEES, AND RACIAL SEGREGATION POLICIES OF SOUTH AFRICA. OTHER ITEMS, SUCH AS HUNGARY, TIBET AND SOVIET COMPLAINTS ABOUT U.S. RECONNAISSANCE FLIGHTS OVER SOVIET TERRITORY, WOULD BE DEFERRED.
PS634PES

A123 (500)
BY ANTHONY PEARCE
BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, MARCH 17 (AP)-COMMUNIST CHINA WILL AGREE TO JOIN THE UNITED NATIONS ONLY IF THE UNITED STATES WITHDRAWS FROM FORMOSA, SAYS FOREIGN MINISTER CHEN YI. THIS SAME CONDITION HAD BEEN LAID DOWN FOR IMPROVING RELATIONS WITH WASHINGTON.
CHEN ALSO INDICATES RED CHINA EXPECTS TO SQUEEZE MORE ECONOMIC HELP FROM THE SOVIET UNION AS A PRICE FOR GOING ALONG WITH PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE DOCTRINE. AND HE DEFENDED RED CHINA'S AGRICULTURAL COMMUNES, CRITICIZED AS UNWORKABLE BY KHRUSHCHEV.
THE FOREIGN MINISTER'S REMARKS WERE CARRIED TODAY BY THE HUNGARIAN COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER NEPSZABADSAG, WHOSE CORRESPONDENT OBTAINED AN INTERVIEW WITH CHEN IN PEIPING YESTERDAY.
"HOW COULD WE POSSIBLY COOPERATE IN AN INTERNATIONAL BODY WITH A STATE WHICH OCCUPIES PART OF OUR COUNTRY'S TERRITORY?" CHEN SAID.
"OUR CONDITIONS FOR TAKING OUR SEAT IN THE UNITED NATIONS ARE THAT AMERICA GIVES UP ITS OCCUPATION OF TAIWAN (FORMOSA) AND WITHDRAWS THE 7TH FLEET FROM THE TAIWAN STRAIT."
CHEN MAINTAINED THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S ADMINISTRATION SHOWED LITTLE WILLINGNESS TO CHANGE WHAT HE CALLED THE AGGRESSIVE POLICIES OF THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION.
"ACCORDINGLY, WE HAVE NO REASON TO FOSTER ILLUSIONS ABOUT MORE SOBER AMERICAN POLICIES TOWARD CHINA," CHEN SAID. "BUT WE ARE PATIENT. WE WOULD LIKE TO SETTLE OUR AFFAIRS WITH AMERICA BY PEACEFUL MEANS AND THROUGH NEGOTIATIONS.
"I MUST REPEAT--WE HAVE NO ILLUSIONS YET WE HOPE THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT WILL CHANGE AND WILL SEE REASON."
CHEN WAS ASKED HIS VIEWS ON LAST YEAR'S MOSCOW CONFERENCE OF WORLD COMMUNIST PARTIES. IT HAS BEEN WIDELY REPORTED THAT RED CHINA TRIED TO DISRUPT THE UNITY OF THE COMMUNIST WORLD BY THROWING DOUBTS ON THE FEASIBILITY OF PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE. MOSCOW WON THE ARGUMENT AND COEXISTENCE WAS ENDORSED BY THE CONFERENCE.
CHEN SAID THAT HE NOT ONLY CONSIDERED IMPORTANT THE IDEOLOGICAL AND POLITICAL UNITY WHICH RESULTED FROM THE CONFERENCE--BUT ECONOMIC UNITY AS WELL.
"THOUGH ALL OF US ARE DOING WHAT WE CAN BASED ON OUR EXISTING STRENGTH, THE DECISIVE HELP FOR ALL MUST COME OF COURSE FROM THE SOVIET UNION. THE BROTHERLY SPIRIT OF THE MOSCOW TALKS IS MIRRORED IN SINO-SOVIET ECONOMIC TALKS NOW FAVORABLY UNDER WAY."
AS FOR THE COMMUNES, CHEN SAID THE PRINCIPLE WAS RIGHT FOR CHINESE CONDITIONS. ANY FAULTS TO DATE, HE ADDED, WERE DUE TO INEXPERIENCE. THE COMMUNES WERE NOW BEING OVERHAULED FROM TOP TO BOTTOM TO MAKE THEM WORK BETTER, HE ADDED.
THE FOREIGN MINISTER SAID POINTEDLY COMMUNIST COUNTRIES IN EUROPE DID NOT HAVE TO COPE WITH PROBLEMS OF DENSITY OF POPULATION, ALMOST COMPLETE ILLITERACY OF PEASANTS, AND AN ALMOST TOTAL LACK OF FARM MECHANIZATION.
DURING THE CHINESE COMMUNIST REVOLUTION, CHEN SAID, SOME PARTY MEMBERS BELIEVED THAT BECAUSE THE RUSSIAN PROLETARIAT HAD OCCUPIED MOSCOW AND ST. PETERSBURG IN THEIR REVOLUTION, THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS SHOULD FIRST TAKE SHANGHAI, HANGKOW AND CANTON.
"IT WAS PROVED, HOWEVER, THAT IN OUR CIRCUMSTANCES SUCH METHODS WOULD LEAD TO FAILURE AND WE STARTED TO BUILD THE REVOLUTION IN THE VILLAGES. NOT THE TOWNS."
THIS WAS A POLITE REFERENCE TO THE STRUGGLE FOR POWER WITHIN THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERSHIP IN THE LATE 1920S AND EARLY 1930S IN WHICH MAO TZE-TUNG FIRST DECLARED HIS INDEPENDENCE OF MOSCOW DICTATES. MAO INSISTED REVOLUTION MUST COME FROM THE PEASANTS BECAUSE THERE WAS NO REAL URBAN PROLETARIAT IN CHINA. HE WON AND LI LI-SAN, LEADER OF THE MOSCOW FACTION, FLED TO THE SOVIET UNION.
ER1011AES

B75 (Q)
(180)

NEW YORK, MAROH 17 (AP)-CONTINUED DENIAL OF THE RIGHTS OF EAST GERMANS TO SELF-DETERMINATION COULD RESULT IN AN "EXPLOSIVE SITUATION," WEST BERLIN MAYOR WILLY BRANDT DECLARED TONIGHT.

THE MAYOR FROM THE DIVIDED CITY, WHICH LIES 110 MILES DEEP WITHIN COMMUNIST TERRITORY, SAID REPRESSIONS IN THE COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN STATE COULD AGAIN FORCE THE CITIZENS THERE TO REBEL, AS THEY DID IN THE SUMMER OF 1953.

BRANDT, THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATS' CANDIDATE TO REPLACE CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER AFTER NEXT SEPTEMBER'S WEST GERMAN ELECTIONS, GAVE HIS VIEWS IN A SPEECH FOR THE GABRIEL SILVER LECTURE AT COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY. EARLIER, HE WAS GUEST OF HONOR AT NEW YORK'S ST. PATRICK'S DAY PARADE.

BRANDT URGED AGAINST THINKING OF THE PARTITIONING OF GERMANY AS "JUST PUNISHMENT FOR MORAL AND POLITICAL GUILT. SUCH CATEGORIES OF GUILT ARE INAPPLICABLE, CONSIDERING THE PERILS OF A MALIGNANCY IN THE HEART OF EUROPE," HE CONTENDED.

"THE AFTER-EFFECTS OF NAZIS IN MY HOMELAND ARE LESS THAN WAS FEARED," BRANDT SAID, ADDING:

"DEMOCRATIC INSTITUTIONS IN THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC HAVE ATTAINED A REMARKABLE STABILITY FOR MORE THAN 12 YEARS NOW."

HF/AF1001PES

1961

A58WX
(330)

NIGHT LEAD AIRFIELD

BY ELTON C. FAY

WASHINGTON, MARCH 17 (AP)-THE LOSS OF THE SAUDI ARABIAN AIR BASE AT DHAHRAN WILL BE AN INCONVENIENCE FOR THE U.S. AIR FORCE NOW, BUT COULD BE A MAJOR MISSING LINK IN STRATEGY IF WAR CAME IN THE FURTURE.

THE AGREEMENT ON THE SUE OF DHAHRAN BY THE UNITED STATES EXPIRES IN A YEAR AND SAUDI ARABIA HAS NOTIFIED THIS COUNTRY IT WILL NOT BE RENEWED.

ALTHOUGH THE BIG AND COMPARATIVELY MODERN AIRDROME IS IN A STRATEGIC SPOT, THE UNITED STATES HAS BASED NO COMBAT AIRCRAFT AT DHAHRAN.

HOWEVER, IF CONFLICT WITH RUSSIA OCCURRED, THE LOCATION WOULD BE CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FOR STAGING BOMBERS ENROUTE TO SOVIET TARGETS.

SAUDI ARABIA'S DECISION NOT TO RENEW THE BASE WAS DISCLOSED LAST NIGHT. UNDER QUESTIONING, STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER JOSEPH REAP INDICATED TODAY THE UNITED STATES HAD NO HOPE OF SAVING ANY MILITARY RIGHTS AT THE BASE.

HE SAID THERE ARE NO TALKS UNDERWAY, AND NONE ARE CONTEMPLATED, ON CONTINUING ANY RIGHTS FOR U.S. GOVERNMENT AIRCRAFT.

THE VALUE OF DHAHRAN HAS BEEN IN ITS USE AS A REFUELING AND MAINTENANCE POINT. IT ALSO HAS BEEN A RESTING PLACE FOR CREWS OF PLANES OF THE MILITARY AIR TRANSPORT SERVICE GOING TO THE PERSIAN GULF AND BEYOND. A DETACHMENT OF MATS PERSONNEL IS LOCATED AT DHAHRAN.

THIS TRAFFIC, HOWEVER, IS COMPARATIVELY LIGHT. THE AIR FORCE SAYS THE NUMBER OF PLANES NOW GOING INTO DHAHRAN AVERAGES 26 PER MONTH.

OF THESE, EIGHT ARE FLIGHTS WHICH LEAVE THE UNITED STATES HEADED FOR DHAHRAN. THE REST INCLUDE FLIGHTS FROM U.S. AIR BASES IN EUROPE, PLANES IN ROUND-WORLD FLIGHTS AND OTHER TRAFFIC.

THE NEAREST BASES TO DHAHRAN ARE TWO USED BY THE AIR FORCE IN TURKEY.

WITH THE AIR FORCE OUT OF DHAHRAN, U.S. PLANES WOULD HAVE TO OPERATE EITHER FROM THE TURKISH BASES OR THOSE IN NORTH AFRICA.

WHEELUS FIELD, IN TRIPOLI, IS THE NEXT CLOSEST OF THE AIRDROMES AVAILABLE.

THE COMPLEX OF BIG STRATEGIC BOMBER BASES BUILT IN MOROCCO WILL PASS OUT OF U.S. CONTROL IN 1963. THE MOVE OUT OF MOROCCO ALREADY HAS BEGUN.

THE FOCUS OF THE STRATEGIC AIR PROGRAM IS BEING TRANSFERRED FROM MOROCCO TO THE NEWLY BUILT U.S. BASES IN SPAIN.

NORTH OF SPAIN ARE THE AIRDROMES IN BRITAIN USED BY BOMBERS OF THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND AND THE FIELDS OF WESTERN GERMANY. THE GERMAN BASES, HOWEVER, ARE SO CLOSE TO SOVIET-CONTROLLED TERRITORY AS TO BE IMPRACTICAL FOR USE BY STRATEGIC BOMBERS, ALTHOUGH HIGHLY IMPORTANT FOR USE BY THE TACTICAL AIR FORCE.

PE&SR648PES

B69 (Q) (120)

ROME, MARCH 17 (AP)-TWO ITALIAN INDUSTRIES AND THE GOVERNMENT NUCLEAR RESEARCH AGENCY SIGNED A CONTRACT TODAY TO BUILD AN ATOMIC POWERED SUPER-TANKER.

3024

THE ITALIAN ORGANIZATIONS HAVE SUBMITTED THEIR TENTATIVE PLANS TO EURATOM, THE SIX-NATION WEST EUROPEAN ATOMIC POWER COMMISSION, IN A REQUEST FOR INTERNATIONAL AID IN FINANCING THE PROJECT.

THE CONTRACT FOR A TWO-YEAR JOINT RESEARCH PROGRAM ON HOW TO BUILD THE ATOMIC TANKER WAS SIGNED BY EMILIO COLOMBO, PRESIDENT OF THE NATIONAL COMMISSION ON NUCLEAR RESEARCH; ARNALDO GIANNINI, PRESIDENT OF ITALY'S HUGE ~~ALSANDO~~ SHIPWORKS, AND VITTORIO VALLETTA, PRESIDENT OF FIAT, ITALY'S BIGGEST AUTOMOTIVE COMBINE. ansaldo

THE SPONSORS HOPE TO BUILD A TANKER WITH AN ATOMIC-POWERED ENGINE CAPABLE OF GENERATING 23,100 HORSEPOWER AND KEEPING THE SHIP AT SEA ON LONG TRIPS WITH SPEEDS UP TO 17 KNOTS.

P1035AES

1961

A19WX BJTS
(420) AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD COMMUNIST MAIL

3024

BY STANLEY MEISLER

WASHINGTON, MARCH 17 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY ORDERED THE POST OFFICE AND THE CUSTOMS BUREAU TODAY TO STOP THEIR CENSORSHIP OF UNSEALED COMMUNIST MAIL COMING INTO THE UNITED STATES.

HIS ORDER ENDED A 13-YEAR PROGRAM THAT HAS BEEN CRITICIZED BY CIVIL LIBERTIES GROUPS AS INEFFECTUAL, FOOLISH, AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

"NOT ONLY HAS THE INTELLIGENCE VALUE OF THE PROGRAM BEEN FOUND TO BE OF NO USEFULNESS," THE WHITE HOUSE SAID, "BUT THE PROGRAM ALSO HAS BEEN OF CONCERN TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE IN CONNECTION WITH EFFORTS TO IMPROVE CULTURAL EXCHANGES WITH COMMUNIST COUNTRIES."

THE WHITE HOUSE SAID KENNEDY MADE HIS DECISION AFTER CONSULTING WITH SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK, ATTY. GEN. ROBERT F. KENNEDY, POST-MASTER GENERAL J. EDWARD DAY, AND SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY DOUGLAS DILLON.

THE WHITE HOUSE ALSO NOTED THAT A HALT IN THE INTERCEPTION OF MAIL HAD BEEN RECOMMENDED LAST JUNE BY A COMMITTEE OF THE PLANNING BOARD OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL IN THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION.

THE PROGRAM NEVER WAS BASED ON DIRECT LEGISLATION. INSTEAD, IT AROSE OUT OF A RULING BY ATTY. GEN. ROBERT H. JACKSON IN 1940.

IN A COMPLICATED INTERWEAVING OF THE ESPIONAGE ACT OF 1917 AND THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT OF 1938, JACKSON RULED THAT THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT COULD SEIZE LARGE SHIPMENTS OF NAZI PROPAGANDA.

IN 1948, THE POST OFFICE AND THE CUSTOMS BUREAU REVIVED JACKSON'S RULING TO JUSTIFY THEIR INTERCEPTION AND DESTRUCTION OF COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA. SEALED, FIRST CLASS MAIL WAS NOT CENSORED.

JACKSON'S RULING WAS NEVER TESTED BY THE COURTS. AT THE TIME

OF KENNEDY'S ORDER, HOWEVER, THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION HAD SEVERAL SUITS PENDING IN FEDERAL COURTS, CHALLENGING THE PROGRAM'S CONSTITUTIONALITY.

THE BIG QUESTION IN THE PROGRAM INVOLVED THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT'S JUDGMENT AS TO JUST WHAT CONSTITUTED COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA.

ALTHOUGH MUCH OBVIOUS COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA WAS SEIZED, THE GOVERNMENT ALSO CONFISCATED A SOVIET BOOK TITLED "CHESS FOR BEGINNERS," GERMAN-LANGUAGE EDITIONS OF THE WORKS OF KARL MARX, THE SOVIET NEWSPAPER PRAVDA, AN ANTI-CHURCH BOOK WRITTEN IN ENGLAND, THE LONDON ECONOMIST. AND A CHILDREN'S STORY WRITTEN BY SHOLOM ALEICHEM.

UNIVERSITIES, LIBRARIES, POLITICAL SCIENTISTS AND NEWSMEN OFTEN COMPLAINED THAT IMPORTANT RUSSIAN JOURNALS AND NEWSPAPERS, NEEDED IN THEIR WORK, WERE NOT REACHING THEM. ONE SCHOLARLY MATHEMATICAL REVIEW, FOR EXAMPLE, DID NOT RECEIVE ANY RUSSIAN MATHEMATICAL PUBLICATIONS FOR A YEAR.

IN 1958, THE GOVERNMENT TRIED TO ALLEVIATE THIS SITUATION BY DELIVERING SEIZED MAIL IF THE ADDRESSEE SIGNED A FORM STATING THAT HE ORDERED, SUBSCRIBED TO, OR DESIRED THE COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA.

CRITICS SAID THE FORMS FRIGHTENED ADDRESSEES WHO, WHILE PERHAPS NEEDING THE MATERIAL, DID NOT WANT TO SIGN A FORM THAT THEY "DESIRED" COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA.

B25 (Q) PE357PES

-ALL POINTS-

NIGHT LEAD SPY (500)

BY HAL R. COOPER

LONDON, MARCH 17 (AP)-A 55-YEAR-OLD BRITON ASSERTED TONIGHT COMMUNIST AGENTS BEAT HIM UP AND BLACKMAILED HIM IN AN ATTEMPT TO MAKE HIM SPY OUT ROYAL NAVY SECRETS FOR THE SOVIET UNION.

HARRY HOUGHTON, ONE OF FIVE DEFENDANTS IN A SPY TRIAL AT OLD BAILEY, SAID THE RED AGENTS BEGAN WORKING ON HIM IN 1957, FOUR YEARS AFTER HE RETURNED FROM A TOUR OF DUTY IN THE BRITISH NAVAL ATTACHE'S OFFICE IN WARSAW.

HOUGHTON TESTIFIED HE HAD FORMED AN ASSOCIATION WITH A POLISH GIRL DURING HIS STAY IN WARSAW. HE SAID THE AGENT WHO FIRST CONTACTED HIM IN ENGLAND THREATENED TO TELL HIS WIFE UNLESS HE PROVIDED INFORMATION FROM THE SECRET NAVY RESEARCH STATION AT PORTLAND, WHERE HOUGHTON BY THEN WAS WORKING.

HOUGHTON SAID HE TRIED TO BRUSH THE MAN OFF, SAYING "SUCH THINGS CAN'T HAPPEN IN THIS COUNTRY -- I CAN GET POLICE PROTECTION" BUT WAS TOLD:

"YOU REMEMBER TROTSKY? WE GOT HIM AFTER 20 YEARS AND HE LIVED IN A FORTRESS IN MEXICO. WE WOULD GET YOU EASY."

HOUGHTON SAID THAT UNDER THIS PRESSURE HE MET THE AGENT SEVERAL TIMES IN A LONDON SALOON, BUT PERSISTENTLY REFUSED TO GIVE HIM ANY SECRETS FROM THE PORTLAND STATION. HE SAID HE FINALLY DECIDED TO IGNORE REQUESTS FOR FURTHER MEETINGS BUT A FEW MONTHS LATER:

"I WAS ACCOSTED AND ATTACKED AND BEATEN UP BADLY BY TWO MEN. THEY WERE NOT FOREIGNERS, THEY WERE WHAT I WOULD CALL LONDON THUGS. THEY SAID 'ARE YOU HOUGHTON?' AND ASKED 'WHY DIDN'T YOU GO TO LONDON WHEN YOU GOT THE CARD?' OR SOMETHING LIKE THAT. THEY USED FISTS AND FEET. IT SEEMED TO GO ON A LONG TIME. THERE WAS NOTHING I COULD DO ABOUT IT."

COURT RECESSED UNTIL MONDAY WITH HOUGHTON STILL ON THE WITNESS STAND.

EARLIER, HOUGHTON'S FIANCEE--DUMPY, BRUNETTE ETHEL GEE, 46, A FELLOW EMPLOYE AT THE NAVAL STATION--ADMITTED ON THE WITNESS STAND THAT SHE BETRAYED SECRETS ENTRUSTED TO HER THERE. SHE DENIED, HOWEVER, THAT SHE EVER RECEIVED ANY MONEY FOR THE STOLEN INFORMATION. SHE INSISTED SHE HANDED SECRET DOCUMENTS TO HOUGHTON IN THE BELIEF THEY WERE BEING DELIVERED TO A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE U.S. NAVY.

THE PROSECUTION ALLEGES THAT THE SUPPOSED U.S. NAVY MAN WAS GORDON A. LONSDALE, 37, ONE OF THE FIVE ON TRIAL. MISS GEE SAID LONSDALE POSED TO HER AND HOUGHTON AS "CMDR. ALEX JOHNSON" OF THE NAVAL ATTACHE'S OFFICE AT THE U.S. EMBASSY IN LONDON.

THE PROSECUTION CONTENDS LONSDALE CARRIED THE ROYAL NAVY SECRETS TO MR. AND MRS. PETER KROGER FOR TRANSMISSION TO MOSCOW VIA A POWERFUL RADIO SENDER HIDDEN IN THEIR COTTAGE IN SUBURBAN RUISLIP.

BRITISH INTELLIGENCE AGENTS SAY LONSDALE IE EITHER A CANADIAN OR A RUSSIAN USING A FORGED CANADIAN PASSPORT. THE KROGERS ENTERED BRITAIN TWO YEARS AGO ON NEW ZEALAND PASSPORTS.

BUT THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION IN WASHINGTON, ON THE BASIS OF THEIR FINGERPRINTS, SAYS THEY ACTUALLY ARE U.S. CITIZENS -- MORRIS COHEN, 50, AND HIS WIFE, LOLA, 47, BOTH FORMER RESIDENTS OF NEW YORK CITY.

UM448PES

A105

PRECEDE LONDON

THE HAGUE, NETHERLANDS, MARCH 17 (AP)-A DUTCH FISHING VESSEL PICKED UP PART OF AN AIRPLANE IN THE NORTH SEA TODAY NEAR THE SPOT WHERE AN AMERICAN AIR FORCE JET PHOTO RECONNAISSANCE PLANE DISAPPEARED LAST NIGHT WITH THREE MEN ABOARD, THE DUTCH NAVY ANNOUNCED. 83.18

AN OIL SLICK HAD BEEN REPORTED SIGHTED EARLIER IN THE AREA, NEAR THE TERSCHELLING ISLANDS NORTHWEST OF HOLLAND, WHERE OTHER SHIPS REPORTED SEEING A SUDDEN BRILLIANT GLARE LAST NIGHT.

THE RB66, CARRYING A PILOT AND TWO NAVIGATORS FAILED TO RETURN LAST NIGHT TO ITS BASE AT ALCONBURY AFTER A TRAINING FLIGHT TO THE CONTINENT. FOURTEEN PLANES WERE SEARCHING FOR THE MISSING MEN.

A U.S. THIRD AIR FORCE SPOKESMAN SAID THERE WAS NO QUESTION OF THE MISSING PLANE HAVING FLOWN ANYWHERE NEAR COMMUNIST TERRITORY.

THE AIR FORCE SAID THE PLANE'S COMMANDER WAS CAPT. HARRY V. ARMANI, 30, WHOSE WIFE AND THREE CHILDREN LIVE WITH HIM IN ENGLAND. HE IS THE SON OF MR. AND MRS. EZZENLIN M. ARMANI OF (511 ABELL AVENUE) SOLVAY, N.Y.

THE TWO NAVIGATORS WERE CAPT. DANIEL HARVEY, 30, SON OF MR. AND MRS. CLAUDE HARVEY, ROUTE 1, DERIDDER, LA., AND 1ST LT. FRANK L. WHITLEY JR., 25, SON OF MR. AND MRS. FRANK L. WHITLEY SR., ROUTE 29, NORTH OAKLAND, VENTNOR CITY, N.J.

JD747AES

A78WX

(400) NIGHT LEAD PAULING

WASHINGTON, MARCH 17 (AP)-THE SENATE INTERNAL SECURITY SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY ACCUSED DR. LINUS PAULING, A NOBEL PRIZE-WINNING CHEMIST, OF DISPLAYING "A CONSISTENT PRO-SOVIET BIAS."

PAULING REPLIED: "I AM NOT EVEN A THEORETICAL MARXIST."

IN A UNANIMOUS REPORT, THE SUBCOMMITTEE SAID PAULING HAD ASSOCIATED WITH COMMUNISTS AND COMMUNIST-FRONT ORGANIZATIONS.

"DR. PAULING HAS FIGURED AS THE NO. 1 SCIENTIFIC NAME IN VIRTUALLY EVERY MAJOR ACTIVITY OF THE COMMUNIST PEACE OFFENSIVE IN THIS COUNTRY," SAID THE SUBCOMMITTEE, WHICH IS HEADED BY SEN. JAMES O. EASTLAND, D-MISS.

THE CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY PROFESSOR, HOWEVER, OFTEN HAS DENIED THAT HE IS OR EVER WAS A COMMUNIST.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE CONCENTRATED ITS CRITICISM ON A PETITION FILED BY PAULING WITH THE UNITED NATIONS MORE THAN THREE YEARS AGO. THE PETITION, CALLING FOR AN IMMEDIATE BAN ON NUCLEAR TESTING, WAS SIGNED BY 11,021 SCIENTISTS IN 49 COUNTRIES.

"COMMUNIST INTEREST AND EXPLOITATION OF DR. PAULING'S PETITION

CONSTITUTED A MAJOR PHASE IN THE KREMLIN'S FAUDULENT 'PEACE' OFFENSIVE," THE REPORT SAID.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE HAD CALLED PAULING AS A WITNESS LAST YEAR AND DEMANDED THAT HE TURN OVER THE NAMES OF THE PEOPLE WHO HELPED HIM ROUND UP THE SIGNATURES.

PAULING REFUSED. HE SAID THE MATTER WAS ONE OF CONSCIENCE, MORALITY AND JUSTICE. THE SUBCOMMITTEE WANTED THE NAMES, HE SAID, ONLY TO HOUND THE PEOPLE WHO HAD HELPED HIM.

THE SCIENTIST ASKED THE SUPREME COURT TO RULE THE SUBCOMMITTEE'S REQUEST OUT OF ORDER. THE COURT REFUSED TO DO SO.

NEVERTHELESS, PAULING STILL WOULD NOT TURN OVER THE NAMES TO THE SUBCOMMITTEE.

IN ITS REPORT, THE SUBCOMMITTEE CALLED PAULING'S REFUSAL DISCOURTEOUS AND DEFIANT. BUT THE SUBCOMMITTEE DID NOT CITE HIM FOR CONTEMPT.

EXPLAINING ITS DECISION NOT TO CITE PAULING, THE SUBCOMMITTEE SAID IT WANTED TO MAKE CLEAR IT WAS NOT INVESTIGATING PAULING'S VIEWS ON NUCLEAR TESTING NOR QUESTIONING ANYONE'S RIGHT OF PETITION. THERE HAS BEEN MUCH CRITICISM OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE FOR QUESTIONING PAULING.

IN ADDITION, THE SUBCOMMITTEE SAID, IT "ACCEPTS THE FACT THAT THE GREAT MAJORITY OF THE AMERICAN SCIENTISTS WHO SIGNED THE PETITION SIGNED IT IN COMPLETE GOOD FAITH AS AN APPROXIMATE EXPRESSION OF THEIR PERSONAL VIEWS."

BUT THE INQUIRY REVEALED "CLEAR EVIDENCE THAT THE WORLD COMMUNIST MOVEMENT APPLAUDED THE PETITION, ENCOURAGED ADHERENCE TO IT BY SOVIET BLOC SCIENTISTS, ENTHUSED OVER ITS CIRCULATION IN THE FREE WORLD, AND UTILIZED IT REPEATEDLY FOR PROPAGANDA PURPOSES," THE SUBCOMMITTEE SAID.

THE REPORT DESCRIBED THE PETITION AS "VAGUE AND GENERAL" AND SAID IT OMITTED "ANY REFERENCE TO THE NEED FOR ADEQUATE INSPECTION."

SR&CZ813PES

1961

A134CD

WITH NL PAULING (A78) (220)

CLEVELAND, MARCH 17 (AP)-DR. LINUS PAULING, NOBEL PRIZE WINNER, TOLD A CONVENTION AUDIENCE HERE TONIGHT THAT IF U.S. SENATORS WHO CALL HIM "PRO-SOVIET" WILL WAIVE CONGRESSIONAL IMMUNITY, HE WILL SUE THEM.

EARLIER TODAY THE SENATE INTERNAL SECURITY SUBCOMMITTEE ACCUSED PAULING, A CHEMIST AND CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY PROFESSOR, OF DISPLAYING "A CONSISTENT PRO-SOVIET ~~BASIS.~~" Bias

THE SCIENTIST'S CHALLENGE TO THE CONGRESSMEN BROUGHT HIM A STANDING OVATION FROM AMERICAN HUMANIST ASSOCIATION CONVENTION DELEGATES.

HE WENT ON TO SAY HE FELT NEGOTIATIONS ON INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT TO STOP NUCLEAR WEAPONS' TESTS WERE REQUIRING AN EXCESSIVE LENGTH OF TIME. BUT HE VOICED OPTIMISM ON THE OUTLOOK FOR WORLD PEACE:

"I BELIEVE THAT WE CAN WIN THE FINAL VICTORY OVER THE IMMORALITY OF WAR, THAT THE NATIONS OF THE WORLD WILL GIVE UP WAR--WILL BECOME MORAL..."

PAULING SAID THAT DURING RECENT YEARS THERE HAS BEEN "SIGNIFICANT, ALTHOUGH SLOW, PROGRESS TOWARD THE GOAL OF TOTAL AND UNIVERSAL DISARMAMENT." HE NOTED THAT SINCE LATE 1958 NEGOTIATIONS HAVE BEEN UNDERWAY AT GENEVA TO FORMULATE AN INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT ON ENDING NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS.

"IT IS PROPER THAT THE NEGOTIATORS SHOULD MOVE AHEAD WITH CARE; THEY MUST NOT MAKE A SERIOUS MISTAKE," PAULING SAID. "ON THE OTHER HAND, THE LENGTH OF TIME REQUIRED FOR THE NEGOTIATIONS SEEMS TO BE EXCESSIVE."

TOMORROW NIGHT THE AMERICAN HUMANIST ASSOCIATION WILL PRESENT PAULING WITH ITS HUMANIST OF THE YEAR AWARD. MRS. CYRUS EATON WILL MAKE THE PRESENTATION.

DL1144PES NM

A84WX

(530) NIGHT LEAD SPACE

BY C. YATES MCDANIEL

WASHINGTON, MARCH 17 (AP)-CONGRESS LEARNED TODAY THAT DEFENSE SECRETARY ROBERT S. MCNAMARA OVERRODE THE OPPOSITION OF ALL BUT ONE SERVICE CHIEF IN GIVING THE AIR FORCE A VIRTUAL MONOPOLY IN MILITARY SPACE PROJECTS. 3024

THE HOUSE SCIENCE AND ASTRONAUTICS COMMITTEE ALSO HEARD DEPUTY DEFENSE SECRETARY ROSWELL GILPATRIC SAY THAT THE DECISION WAS EXPEDITED AFTER LIMITED MILITARY CONSIDERATION TO FORESTALL DEBATE AND DELAYING TACTICS BY THE ARMED SERVICES OPPOSING THE MOVE.

GILPATRIC WAS THE LEAD-OFF WITNESS IN HEARINGS THAT CHAIRMAN OVERTON BROOKS, D-LA., BEGAN TODAY AFTER ACCUSING THE PENTAGON OF "FOOTDRAGGING" IN PRODUCING OFFICIALS TO TESTIFY.

AT THE OUSET, BROOKS PUT THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT ON NOTICE THAT HE FEELS ITS MARCH 6 DIRECTIVE ON SPACE CONTROL WENT BEYOND STRICTLY MILITARY RESPONSIBILITY. IT INVOLVES POLICIES THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BY THE PRESIDENT'S SPACE COUNCIL, BROOKS SAID.

THE COMMITTEE DREW FROM GILPATRIC TESTIMONY THAT THE DIRECTIVE WAS CIRCULATED FOR "CONCURRENCE AND COMMENT" ONLY AMONG THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS AND THAT THEY WERE GIVEN SEVEN DAYS TO RESPOND. AND THE MILITARY CHIEFS WERE LIMITED TO EXPRESSING THEIR VIEWS THROUGH THEIR CIVILIAN SECRETARIES, HE SAID.

IT WAS THIS PROCEDURE THAT REPORTEDLY STIRRED THE OBJECTION OF GEN. LYMAN L. LEMNITZER, THE ARMY OFFICER WHO IS CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS.

THE COMMITTEE HAS YET TO GET LEMNITZER'S OFFICIAL VIEWS, BUT A COPY OF A MEMORANDUM PURPORTING TO CONTAIN HIS REPLY TO MCNAMARA QUOTED HIM AS COMPLAINING THAT THE DIRECTIVE "GOES TOO FAR."

LEMNITZER WAS ALSO REPORTED TO HAVE OBJECTED TO THE HASTE WITH WHICH A DECISION WAS REACHED WITHOUT GIVING THE JOINT CHIEFS AS A BODY "A FULL OPPORTUNITY TO STUDY CAREFULLY MATTERS WHICH HAVE FAR-REACHING MILITARY IMPLICATIONS."

UNDER EARLIER POLICIES, THE AIR FORCE ALREADY HAS SOLE RESPONSIBILITY FOR DEVELOPING, PRODUCING AND LAUNCHING HIGH-POWERED SPACE VEHICLES. BUT THE ARMY, WITH A COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITE, AND THE NAVY WITH A NAVIGATION SATELLITE, HAD AUTHORITY TO DEVELOP PAYLOADS TO BE PUT IN TO SPACE WITH AIR FORCE ROCKET POWER.

UNDER THE MARCH 6 DIRECTIVE, GILPATRIC TESTIFIED THAT EXCEPT UNDER UNUSUAL CIRCUMSTANCES THE NAVY AND ARMY HEREAFTER WILL CONCENTRATE ON FIELDS OTHER THAN SPACE. WITH PRIOR PERMISSION, HOWEVER, ARMY AND NAVY SCIENTISTS CAN COME UP WITH SPACE IDEAS THAT MUST BE TURNED OVER TO THE DEFENSE SECRETARY. HE THEN WILL EVALUATE THE IDEAS AND TURN OVER TO THE AIR FORCE THOSE SCHEMES THAT LOOK HOPEFUL.

THE COMMITTEE DREW FROM ASSISTANT DEFENSE SECRETARY CHARLES J. HITCH, WHO CO-AUTHORED A RECENT BOOK ADVOCATING RESEARCH COMPETITION AMONG THE MILITARY SERVICES, THE OPINION THAT THE NEW DIRECTIVE WILL "INEVITABLY DIMINISH" ARMY AND NAVY INTEREST IN SPACE RESEARCH.

HITCH ADDED HIS "HOPE THAT THIS WILL NOT HAVE A DELETERIOUS EFFECT" ON AMERICAN PROGRESS IN SPACE.

THE SPACE DIRECTIVE RESULTED IN A COPYRIGHTED STORY IN THE CHICAGO SUN-TIMES OF LAST SUNDAY WHICH SAID THAT LEMNITZER HAD PROTESTED VIGOROUSLY TO MCNAMARA. THE ARTICLE SAID LEMNITZER IN A MARCH 2 MEMORANDUM TO THE SECRETARY SET FORTH A GENERAL CLAIM THAT THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION IS BYPASSING SERVICE CHIEFS IN REACHING MAJOR MILITARY DECISIONS.

IN THE SAME MEMO, THE NEWSPAPER SAID, LEMNITZER OBJECTED SPECIFICALLY TO THE AIR FORCE SPACE DECISION, ARGUING IT WAS TAKEN WITHOUT ALLOWING SERVICE CHIEFS ADEQUATE TIME TO CONSIDER IT AND PRESENT THEIR VIEWS.

THE MEMO THE SUN-TIMES QUOTED APPARENTLY IS THE SAME ONE CIRCULATED AT TODAY'S COMMITTEE HEARING.

THE PENTAGON IN A STATEMENT ISSUED LATER SUNDAY SAID THE REPORT OF LEMNITZER'S GENERAL CHARGE WAS "SIMPLY WITHOUT FOUNDATION" AND THE ACCOUNT OF THE GENERAL'S OPPOSITION TO THE SPACE DECISION WAS "DISTORTED."

REP. GERALD R. FORD, R-MICH., SAID IN THE HOUSE YESTERDAY THAT THE DEPARTMENT'S SUNDAY STATEMENT WAS "A DELIBERATE ATTEMPT TO GLOSS OVER THE TRUE FACTS" CONCERNING INTRADEPARTMENTAL DIFFERENCES. AFTER FORD SPOKE, THE DEPARTMENT SAID IT WAS STANDING ON THE SUNDAY STATEMENT.

R7&49PES

B3WX Q

(300) AIR REORGANIZATION 3.24

WASHINGTON, MARCH 17 (AP)-THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT RESHUFFLED THE AIR FORCE'S RESEARCH AND PROCUREMENT ORGANIZATIONS TODAY TO CREATE A NEW OVER-ALL "AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND" FOR CENTRALIZING DIRECTION OF BALLISTIC MISSILE PROGRAMS.

LT. GEN. BERNARD A. SCHRIEVER, THE AIR FORCE BALLISTIC MISSILE EXPERT AND NOW CHIEF OF THE AIR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COMMAND (ARDC), WILL HEAD THE NEW COMBINED ORGANIZATION. THE CHANGEOVER IS TO BE COMPLETED BY JULY 1.

THE PRESENT AIR MATERIEL COMMAND (AMC), WHICH PROCURES EQUIPMENT, IS RENAMED THE AIR LOGISTICS COMMAND UNDER THE REORGANIZATION PLAN.

THE FORMAL ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE NEW AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND IS "DESIGNED TO CENTRALIZE DIRECTION OF THE BALLISTIC MISSILES PROGRAMS, AND TO INSURE THE MOST EFFECTIVE DISCHARGE OF MILITARY SPACE RESPONSIBILITIES ASSIGNED TO THE AIR FORCE."

AN ORDER BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA LAST WEEK ASSIGNED ALMOST COMPLETE CONTROL OF ALL SPACE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS OF THE MILITARY TO THE AIR FORCE.

THE REORGANIZATION WILL LEAVE UNCHANGED THE NUMBER OF PERSONS WORKING IN PRESENT COMMANDS AND WILL RESULT IN RELATIVELY FEW TRANSFERS OF PERSONS SPOKESMEN TOLD NEWSMEN.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THAT THE NEW SYSTEMS COMMAND WILL HAVE FOUR DIVISIONS:

1. THE BALLISTIC SYSTEMS DIVISION, MADE UP OF ELEMENTS OF THE ARDC BALLISTIC MISSILE DIVISION AND THE AMC BALLISTIC MISSILE CENTER WHICH OPERATE SIDE BY SIDE IN INGLEWOOD, CALIF. ALSO INCLUDED WILL BE THE BALLISTIC MISSILE OFFICE OF THE ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, WHICH DIRECTS CONSTRUCTION OF MISSILE SITES.

2. THE SPACE SYSTEMS DIVISION WILL TAKE OVER OTHER ELEMENTS OF THE ARDC BALLISTIC MISSILE DIVISION AND THE AMC BALLISTIC MISSILE CENTER AT INGLEWOOD.

3. THE AERONAUTICAL SYSTEMS DIVISION AT WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE, DAYTON, OHIO, WILL COMBINE THE WRIGHT AIR DEVELOPMENT DIVISION AND THE AERONAUTICAL SYSTEMS CENTER.

4. THE ELECTRONICS SYTEMS DIVISION AT HANSCOM FIELD, NEAR BOSTON, AND THE ELECTRONICS SYSTEMS CENTER OF AMC THERE WILL BE COMBINED.

C7219PES

B59 (400)

NEW YORK, MARCH 17 (AP)-SEN. BARRY GOLDWATER SAYS WORLD COMMUNISM MUST BE DEFEATED THROUGH USE OF POWER--THOUGH NOT NECESSARILY WAR.

"MIGHT DOES NOT MAKE RIGHT, BUT RIGHT CANNOT SURVIVE WITHOUT MIGHT AND WITHOUT USING MIGHT," THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN WROTE IN THE FORTHCOMING EDITION OF THE NATIONAL REVIEW.

HE SAID THE JOB OF DEFEATING COMMUNISM "BRINGS US SQUARELY TO THE PROBLEM OF POWER, AND THE USES A NATION MAKES OF POWER."

"I SUBMIT THAT THIS IS THE KEY PROBLEM OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, THAT IT ALWAYS HAS BEEN, THAT IT ALWAYS WILL BE," GOLDWATER WROTE.

"AND I SUGGEST FURTHER THAT THE MAIN CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE WE ARE IN HAS BEEN THE FAILURE OF AMERICAN POLICY-MAKERS, EVER SINCE WE ASSUMED FREE WORLD LEADERSHIP IN 1945, TO DEAL WITH THIS PROBLEM REALISTICALLY AND SERIOUSLY."

GOLDWATER, A LEADER OF THE REPUBLICAN CONSERVATIVE WING, CONTINUED:

"WE HAVE HELD THE LINE IN SOME PLACES--IN LEBANON, IN BERLIN, IN THE FORMOSA STRAITS--BUT NOWHERE ELSE IN THE FAR-FLUNG BATTLE FOR THE WORLD HAVE WE EXTENDED THE INFLUENCE OF THE UNITED STATES AND ADVANCED THE CAUSE OF FREEDOM. X X X

"WE WILL HAVE TO SHED THE TECHNIQUES OF THE SALVATION ARMY, AND START BEHAVING LIKE A GREAT POWER. X X X THE AFFAIRS OF NATIONS ARE DETERMINE---FOR GOOD OR FOR EVIL--BY POWER."

HERE ARE GOLDWATER'S VIEWS, IN PART, ON FIVE SPECIFIC TOPICS:

CUBA--"WE SHOULD . . . MAKE IT CLEAR IN THE MOST EXPLICIT TERMS THAT COMMUNIST GOVERNMENTS ARE NOT TOLERATED IN THIS HEMISPHERE--AND THAT THE CASTRO REGIME, BEING SUCH A GOVERNMENT, WILL BE ELIMINATED. X X X

"WE WOULD . . . PROCEED WITH THE RELEVANT ECONOMIC EMBARGO AGAINST CUBA, SUPPORTED, IF NECESSARY, BY A NAVAL BLOCKADE. WE WOULD ANTICIPATE RIOTS IN THE STREETS OF RIO, CARACAS AND MEXICO CITY, WHICH WE WOULD IGNORE. AND WHILE SHOWING OUR HAND AS LITTLE AS POSSIBLE, WE WOULD GROOM, AND IF NECESSARY OPENLY ASSIST, A SUCCESSOR GOVERNMENT WHICH WE WOULD CONFIDENTLY EXPECT TO SEE IN POWER IN SIX MONTHS.

AFRICA--"WE WOULD HOLD ON TO AFRICA, IN PART BECAUSE WESTERN SURVIVAL THERE IS ESSENTIAL TO VICTORY OVER COMMUNISM; BUT NO LESS BECAUSE WE KNOW THAT THE PRIVILEGE OF BEING BORN IN THE WEST CARRIES WITH IT THE RESPONSIBILITY OF EXTENDING OUR GOOD FORTUNES TO OTHERS."

DISARMAMENT--"WE ARE AGAINST IT BECAUSE WE NEED ALL THE ARMAMENTS WE PRESENTLY HAVE, AND MORE--THE WEAPONS FOR LIMITED WAR--THAT WE DO NOT HAVE."

UNITED NATIONS--"THE UNITED NATIONS HAS ITS USEFUL FUNCTIONS, BUT THE FORMULATION AND CONDUCT OF AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY IS NOT AMONG THEM."

EASTERN EUROPE--"WE SHOULD ENCOURAGE THE CAPTIVE PEOPLES TO REVOLT AGAINST THEIR COMMUNIST RULERS. X X X TO THIS END WE SHOULD ESTABLISH CLOSE LIAISON WITH UNDERGROUND LEADERS BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN, FURNISHING THEM WITH PRINTING PRESSES, RADIOS, WEAPONS, INSTRUCTORS; THE PARAPHERNALIA OF A FULL-FLEDGED RESISTANCE.

"WE MUST OURSELVES BE PREPARED TO UNDERTAKE MILITARY OPERATIONS AGAINST VULNERABLE COMMUNIST REGIMES."

SS840PES

B74CX (Q)

(300)

CHICAGO, MARCH 17 (AP)-A FORMER LITHUANIAN POLICE SERGEANT NOW LIVING IN CHICAGO DECLINED TONIGHT TO TALK ABOUT A RUSSIAN CHARGE THAT HE COMMITTED WAR CRIMES DURING THE NAZI OCCUPATION OF LITHUANIA.

TASS, THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY, YESTERDA PUBLISHED WHAT IT CALLED AN OPEN LETTER FROM CITIZENS OF UKMERGE, LITHUANIA, TO THE PEOPLE OF CHICAGO URGING EXTRADITION OF MECIS PASHKIAVICIUS, ALIAS MIKAS POVILIONIS.

WHILE SERVING AS A POLICEMAN, TASS SAID, PASHKIAVICIUS "ORGANIZED AND TOOK A DIRECT PART IN MASSACRES IN THE UKMERGE DISTRICT."

PASHKIAVICIUS, 59, SAID HE WOULD COMMENT LATER IN WRITING WHEN HE HAD AN OPPORTUNITY TO HAVE HIS REMARKS TRANSLATED FROM LITHUANIAN INTO ENGLISH. HE LIVES IN AN APARTMENT BEHIND A BEAUTY SALON OPERATED BY HIS WIFE.

THE RUSSIAN CHARGE WAS FIRST MADE PUBLIC LAST DECEMBER 23 BY VLADAS NUNKA, A DEPUTY IN THE SOVIET PARLIAMENT. AT THAT TIME PASHKIAVICIUS LABELED THE ACCUSATION "SILLY."

"I COULD BRING YOU 100 TOWNSMEN WHO LIVE RIGHT HERE IN CHICAGO WHO KNOW THAT I HAVE NEVER KILLED ANYONE," HE SAID IN AN INTERVIEW IN THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE DECEMBER 24.

PASHKIAVICIUS SAID THEN THE RUSSIANS MAY HAVE OBTAINED HIS NAME FROM MORE THAN 100 PACKAGES OF CLOTHING HE HAS SENT TO HIS MOTHER, WHO STILL LIVES IN UKMERGE.

HE SAID HE WOULD NOT BE LIVING UNDER HIS REAL NAME IF HE HAD ANYTHING TO HIDE. HE HAS BEEN AN ELECTRICAL WORKER AND RESIDENT OF CHICAGO SINCE 1950, WHEN HE CAME TO THE U.S. FROM GERMANY.

"IF I HAD KILLED 12,000 PEOPLE, I CERTAINLY WOULDN'T BE USING MY OWN NAME AND TRYING TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING," THE TRIBUNE QUOTED HIM AS SAYING. "DURING ALL MY YEARS IN THE POLICE DEPARTMENT, I NEVER HAD ANYTHING TO DO WITH SHOOTING ANYBODY."

HE SAID HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE LITHUANIAN POLICE DEPARTMENT FROM 1928 TO 1941, RISING FROM PATROLMAN TO SERGEANT, THE RANK HE HELD WHEN LITHUANIA WAS OCCUPIED BY THE RUSSIANS.

PASHKIAVICIUS ALSO TOLD THE TRIBUNE THAT A CLEVELAND, OHIO, LITHUANIAN LANGUAGE NEWSPAPER PRINTED A STORY MORE THAN A YEAR AGO THAT CHARGED HIM WITH KILLING 100 PERSONS.

"THAT STORY WAS AS SILLY AS THE RUSSIAN'S CHARGE," HE SAID.

P856PCS NM

A133PG

(270)

PITTSBURGH, MARCH 17 (AP)-A RESEARCH AND ORGANIZATION REPORTED TODAY THAT VOLUNTEERS LIVED TOGETHER WITHOUT TOO MUCH TENSION LAST SPRING DURING ONE TO TWO-WEEK STAYS IN EXPERIMENTAL BOMB SHELTERS.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR RESEARCH (AIR), A NON-PROFIT ORGANIZATION, CONDUCTED THE STUDY OF SHELTER LIFE FOR THE OFFICE OF CIVIL DEFENSE MOBILIZATION.

FOUR GROUPS, EACH WITH 30 VOLUNTEERS, TOOK PART IN THE EXPERIMENT. THREE GROUPS SPENT A WEEK APIECE IN THE 12 BY 20-FOOT, CONCRETE-LINED SHELTER. THE FOURTH GROUP, WHICH STAYED TWO WEEKS, HAD VOLUNTEERS RANGING IN AGE FROM SEVEN TO 72 AND WAS MADE UP OF MARRIED AND SINGLE PERSONS.

AIR SAID THE EXPERIMENT SHOWED THAT LESS SPACE IS NEEDED FOR SHELTER LIFE THAN HAD BEEN THOUGHT.

NONE OF THE CONFINED PERSONS "BLEW UP" OR SHOWED UNDUE EMOTIONAL STRESS, THE REPORT STATED.

THE REPORT ADDED:

"PERSONAL AND SOCIAL ADJUSTMENT TO SHELTER CONFINEMENT WAS GENERALLY GOOD, WITH YOUNGER SUBJECTS TENDING TO ADJUST BETTER THAN THEIR ELDERS. AGITATION AND TENSION WERE GREATEST IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING SHELTER ENTRY AND PRIOR TO RELEASE. MILD DEPRESSION WAS COMMON TOWARD THE MIDDLE OF THE SHELTER STAY....

"THERE WAS LITTLE SERIOUS INTER-PERSONAL CONFLICT. PERSONAL DISLIKES WERE USUALLY WELL CONTROLLED. STRONG FRIENDSHIPS GREW RAPIDLY AND ESPRIT DE CORPS BECAME QUITE STRONG."

THE TWO-WEEK GROUP USED CANNED FOOD AND ITS 400-GALLON WATER SUPPLY FOR DRINKING, DISH-WASHING AND CLOTHES RINSING WAS SUFFICIENT, THE REPORT SAID. CHEMICALLY TREATED PAPER TOWELS WERE USED FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE.

ES1139PES

A88KX

(330)

GREAT FALLS, MONT., MARCH 17 (AP)-A 19-YEAR SEARCH FOR AN AMERICAN FIGHTER PILOT NAMED IN THE WILL OF THE GERMAN FLIER WHO SHOT HIM DOWN MAY HAVE ENDED TODAY.

3024

MAJ. NORMAN L. WIDEN OF MINNEAPOLIS BELIEVES HIMSELF TO BE THE P38 PILOT DOWNED OVER TUNIS, NORTH AFRICA IN 1942 BY GERMAN ACE ANTON HAFNER, WHO HAS SINCE DIED.

WIDEN HEADS A FIGHTER BRANCH OF THE 29TH AIR DIVISION AT MALMSTROM AIR FORCE BASE.

THE WILL DIDN' MENTION THE AMERICAN'S NAME BUT SOME DETAILS OF THE INCIDENT WERE REVEALED BY HAFNER'S FAMILY IN STARTING THE SEARCH. DETAILS OF THE LEGACY WERE NOT KNOWN HERE.

A PHOTOGRAPH OF THE AMERICAN TAKEN AT THE TIME OF HIS CAPTURE APPEARED IN THE MARCH 15 ISSUE OF THE AIR FORCE TIMES. THIS LED TO WIDEN'S IDENTIFICATION BY A FELLOW OFFICER, CAPT. JAMES B. MCCLARY.

WIDEN RETURNED TO THE BASE AFTER HAVING HAD A NEW WILL PREPARED AND WAS COMMENTING ABOUT IT WHEN MCCLARY SAID:

"SPEAKING OF WILLS, HERE'S A STORY ABOUT THE BROTHER OF A GERMAN PILOT WHO IS LOOKING FOR A P38 PILOT SHOT DOWN OVER TUNIS.

"IT SEEMS THIS GERMAN PILOT LEFT THE P38 DRIVER SOMETHING IN HIS WILL.

"DIDN'T YOU FLY P38S AND DIDN'T YOU GET SHOT DOWN?

"BY GOLLY, THIS LOOKS LIKE YOUR PICTURE."

WIDEN, AIDED BY HIS DIARY, WAS ABLE TO RECALL THE DAY HE WAS SHOT DOWN OVER A TUNIS AIRFIELD DEC. 18, 1942.

HE WAS ON A HIGH ALTITUDE BOMBER ESCORT MISSION FROM BISKRA TO BIZERTE WHEN A GERMAN ME109 KNOCKED HIM OUT OF THE SKY. WIDEN PARACHUTED INTO THREE FEET OF WATER NEAR THE AIRFIELD ON WHICH IS PLANE CRASHED.

HIS DIARY SAYS OF THE INCIDENT, "I WAS ESCORTED WITH MANY GRINS, GESTURES AND BEAU COUPS, GERMAN TALK WHICH I DID NOT UNDERSTAND, TO THE DROME WHERE I MET SGT. HOFFMAN, WHO HAD SHOT ME DOWN."

WIDEN BELIEVES "HOFFMAN," THE NAME IN HIS DIARY, ACTUALLY WAS HAFNER.

"I WAS VERY IMPRESSED WITH THE MAN," WIDEN WROTE. "I GOT THE IMPRESSION I WAS THE FIRST VICTIM HE HAD MET OR SEEN. I DIDN'T FEEL SO BAD WHEN I FOUND OUT I HAD GOTTEN THE BUSINESS FROM A REAL EXPERT."

WIDEN LEARNED HE WAS THE GERMAN PILOT'S 81ST VICTIM.

KK804PCS

KARLSRUHE, GERMANY, MARCH 17 (AP)-A ONETIME EMPLOYE OF A BONN MINISTRY'S PHOTOSTATE DEPARTMENT AND HIS WIFE WERE ORDERED TO PRISON TODAY BY THE FEDERAL SUPREME COURT ON CHARGES OF SPYING FOR THE SOVIET UNION.

ERNST MUELLER, 47, FORMER CLERK IN THE WEST GERMAN TRANSPORT MINISTRY, WAS SENTENCED TO FIVE YEARS ON A CHARGE OF TREASONABLE RELATIONS WITH SOVIET INTELLIGENCE. HIS WIFE DREW A TERM OF 18 MONTHS.

THE COURT HEARD TESTIMONY THAT THE MUELLERS HAD RECEIVED ABOUT 9,000 MARKS ($2,250) FOR SUPPLYING SECRET DATA FROM THE MINISTRY'S NATO DIVISION. THE COURT SAID THEY HAD BEEN WOOED INTO SOVIET

ESPIONAGE SERVICE BY MRS. MUELLER'S FATHER, A COMMUNIST RESIDING IN EAST GERMANY.

K1040AES

A136LA

LA OUT (350)

LOS ANGELES, MARCH 17 (AP)-FORMER VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON, IN A LETTER TO THE LOS ANGELES TIMES, TONIGHT ENDORSED THE NEWSPAPER'S EDITORIAL STAND AGAINST POLITICAL TECHNIQUES ADVOCATED BY THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY, AN ANTI-COMMUNIST ORGANIZATION.

NIXON WROTE IN PART:

"I CAN WELL UNDERSTAND HOW MANY WELL-INTENTIONED PEOPLE, WHO ARE JUSTIFIABLY CONCERNED ABOUT THE THREAT WHICH SUBVERSIVE GROUPS PRESENT TO OUR FREE INSTITUTIONS, TEND TO REACH THE CONCLUSION THAT THE ONLY EFFECTIVE WAY TO FIGHT SUCH ORGANIZATIONS IS TO USE THE SAME EVIL METHODS THEY EMPLOY...

"BUT THERE COULD BE NO MORE DANGEROUS FALLACY. ONE OF THE MOST INDELIGIBLE LESSONS OF HUMAN HISTORY IS P

INDELIBLE LESSONS OF HUMAN HISTORY IS THAT THOSE WHO ADOPT THE DOCTRINE THAT THE END JUSTIFIES THE MEANS INEVITABLY FINDS THE MEANS BECOME THE END."

THE TIMES, IN A FRONT-PAGE EDITORIAL MARCH 12 SIGNED BY PUBLISHER OTIS CHANDLER, SAID "EVERY LOYAL AMERICAN MUST AGREE DEVOUTLY WITH THE (JOHN BIRCH) SOCIETY'S IMMEDIATE INTENTION OF 'STOPPING THE COMMUNISTS AND DESTROYING THEIR CONSPIRACY, OR AT LEAST BREAKING ITS GRIP ON OUR GOVERNMENT AND SHATTERING ITS POWER WITHIN THE UNITED STATES.'"

BUT THE TIMES SAID IT COULD NOT GO ALONG WITH METHODS OF THE SOCIETY . . . "TO FIGHT COMMUNISTS IN COMMUNIST FASHION."

THE EDITORIAL DESCRIBED ROBERT WELCH AS THE SOCIETY'S "ABSOLUTE MASTER" AND SAID QUOTATIONS FROM WELCH AND HIS LIEUTENANTS "NAIL DOWN THE TREACHEROUS FALLACY THAT AN HONORABLE OR NOBLE OBJECTIVE JUSTIFIES ANY MEANS TO ACHIEVE IT."

THE NEWSPAPER ASKED: "WHAT IS LIKELY TO HAPPEN TO THE MEMBER OF THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY WHO ABANDONS ALL THE RULES BY WHICH HE HAS LIVED HIS DECENT LIFE, AND ADOPTS INSTEAD THE TECHNIQUES AND THE RULES OF CONSPIRACY? . . .

"IF THE JOHN BIRCHERS FOLLOW THE PROGRAM OF THEIR LEADER, THEY WILL BRING OUR INSTITUTIONS INTO QUESTION EXACTLY AS THE COMMUNISTS TRY TO DO. THEY WILL SOW DISTRUST, AND AGGRAVATE DISPUTES, AND THEY WILL WEAKEN THE VERY STRONG CASE FOR CONSERVATISM."

THE TIMES PRINTED TWO PAGES OF LETTERS--BOTH PRO AND CON--OF REACTION TO ITS EDITORIAL STAND.

NIXON SAID AT ONE POINT IN HIS AGREEMENT WITH THE NEWSPAPER:

"IT MAY AT TIMES SEEM UNREALISTIC AND NAIVE TO FOLLOW THE RULES OF THE GAME WHEN OUR OPPONENTS ARE SO UNSCRUPULOUS AND COMPLETELY DEVOID OF MORALITY. BUT, IN THE END, REFUSING TO RESORT TO METHODS THAT ARE WRONG NOT ONLY IS RIGHT BUT IN THE LONG RUN IT IS THE MOST EFFECTIVE WAY TO COMBAT AN EVIL DOCTRINE LIKE COMMUNISM."

PJ903PPS NM

A119

TOKYO, SATURDAY, MARCH 18 (AP)-COMMUNIST-BACKED AGITATORS AND ULTRA-RIGHTISTS CLASHED LAST NIGHT AND EARLY TODAY ON NEARBY NIIJIMA ISLAND IN A RAGING CONTROVERSY OVER SELECTION OF THE TINY ISLAND AS THE SITE OF JAPAN'S FIRST MISSILE TESTING RANGE.

POLICE SAID 19 PERSONS WERE INJURED, THREE SERIOUSLY. FIVE OF THE RIGHTIST DEMONSTRATORS WERE ARRESTED.

POLICE SAID THE VIOLENCE ERUPTED AFTER ABOUT 100 COMMUNISTS, LEFTIST ZENGAKUREN STUDENTS AND UNIONISTS CAME TO THE ISLAND TO SUPPORT RESIDENTS OPPOSING CONSTRUCTION OF THE MISSILE RANGE. OPPONENTS SAID THE RANGE WOULD TURN THE ISLAND, LYING OUTSIDE TOKYO BAY, INTO A MILITARY BASE.

THE FIGHTING BROKE OUT DESPITE THE PRESENCE OF A SPECIAL 350-MAN RIOT POLICE DETACHMENT SENT TO NIIJIMA FROM TOKYO. THERE HAD BEEN FOUR OTHER CLASHES BETWEEN LEFTIST AND RIGHTIST GROUPS SINCE FEB. 5.

FV1033PES